Wiltshire Council Strategic Risk and Issues Summary - 2022/23

This summary gives details of issues the council is dealing with, the strategic risk register and the emerging risk that may need to be quantified in the future. A guide to reading the risk register is included at the back of this summary.

Issues

Obstacles and Challenges that are now present and being managed as issues by Wiltshire Council

Macro economic pressures on our budgets: Sustained inflation

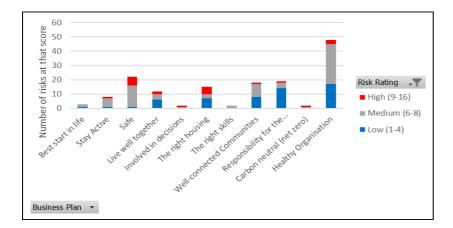
Nationally, there is a 'cost of living crisis' impacting businesses and residents and, due to inflation, the council has experienced a significant increase above that forecast in the budget. As part of the final financial outturn reporting, the Council took the opportunity to prudently set aside reserves to offset the unforeseen costs of inflation likely to arise in 2022/23, with £7m set aside for Contractual Inflation & £2m set aside for Pay Inflation to address the inverse pressure.

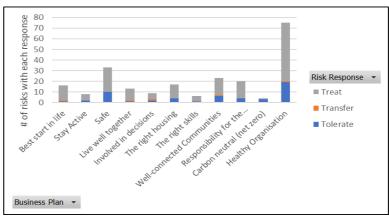
Staff Capacity: Recruitment and retention

Staff Capacity: Recruitment Some, but not all, service areas have identified that this has now become an issue, with there being a range of factors at play in different labour markets. These include:

- A smaller national workforce (less European immigration, earlier retirement/semi-retirement following the pandemic, increased numbers of those on out of work benefits) and closer to full employment.
- Specific skills shortages.
- Competition from the private sector and from other public sector organisations.
- The impact of the increase in the cost of living making higher wages more important.
- The cost increase of driving for those who have to travel in their role.

The result is that some services are now impacted by insufficient staffing.





	Strategic Risk	Register - ra	nked by Inhere	nt Risk Score (the	e risk as it is	now), natio	nal level	risks shown	in grey									
	Risk short name	Cause	Event	Effect	Primary Risk Category	Secondary Risk Category	Owner	Risk Response	Q4 Inherent Impact	Q4 Inherent Likelihood	Q4 Inh Risk Rating	Q4 DoT	Appetite check Q4	Q4 Mitigation Actions	Q4 Actions Confidence	Q4 Residual Impact	Q4 Residual Likelihood	Q4 Res Risk Rating
1	Unable to meet demand for special educational needs or disability (SEND) school provision	Cost of provision exceeds the High Needs Block (HnB) of the Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG)	More of the DSG spent on providing education for SEND	Shortfall in the funding for schools	Financial	Legal	Helean Hughes	Treat	4	4	16	•		We remain in frequent dialogue with the DIE and will be starting joint work with them on their Delivering Better Value (DBV) Outcomes programme in the autumn which will enable some support and challenge in relation to this area.	Low	4	4	16
	Lack of capacity in the social care market	Changes in the local market (Including recovery from the pandemic) means there is insufficient supply of Home Care, Independent Fostering Agencies, provision for complex needs (including people with complex behavioural needs)	local authorities at a	The right type of care is not always available, people able to be discharged have to wait longer in hospital and budgetary pressure increases if people are placed in out of county or spot provision	Service Delivery	Financial		Treat	4	4	16	•	Outside	Block purchased day care. New tender going live in September. Still issues about sufficiency and handbacks	Moderate	3	3	9
3	Failure to manage housing development	Lack of a 5 year land supply	Loss of control over the location of new development	Non-plan led housing development may be granted consent through the appeal process; Allowing development where we don't want it; Increase in costs - defending appeals; Pressure on staff.	Legal	Reputation	Jean Marshall	Treat	4	3	12	•	Outside	Updated our 5 year land supply in April. Development Management teams are seeking to approve obstacles, Spatial Planning continue to support neighbourhood plans to bring forward housing sites, in addition to encouraging developers to bring forward allocated sites. We do have an improved position, but still short of the 5 years. Progress on the local plan is still being given a priority.	Moderate	3	3	9
	Increasing vulnerability to climate impacts	Inability to adapt key infrastructure and services to increasingly severe weather impacts from climate change.	Increased impacts from more frequent and intense weather events such as flooding, droughts, heatwaves and storms.	Direct impact on health, safety, environment, businesses and infrastructure.	Health & Safety	Service Delivery	Sarah Valdus	Treat	3	4	12	New	Outside	The council's climate adaptation plan is currently being reviewed and will identify what measures can be put in place to prepare council services and the county for these climate impacts. Due to the costs associated with implementing some of these measures and the long term nature of these	Moderate	2	4	8

	Strategic Risk	Register - ra			e risk as it is Primary Risk	now), natio	nal level	risks shown	in grey	Q4 Inherent	Q4 Inh Risk	Q4	Annotito		Q4 Actions	Q4 Residual	Q4 Residual	Q4 Res Risk
	Risk short name	Cause	Event	Effect	Category	Risk Category	Owner	Response	Impact	Likelihood	Rating	Q4 DoT	Appetite check Q4	Q4 Mitigation Actions	Confidence	Impact	Likelihood	Rating
5	Uncontrolled cost of social care (predominantly adults)	Changes in regulation (including the cost of increased infection prevention & control measures), workforce pressures and inflationary pressures in the care market	Each individual care package cost increases	Greater budgetary pressure to meet statuary requirements impacting on preventative and other spend	Financial	Service Delivery		Tolerate	3	3	9	٠	Within	Continue to identify budgetary pressures and report in to Cabinet.	Moderate	3	3	9
6	Cyber Resilience	external individuals or	Wiltshire Council's security is compromised opening up access to councils systems and personal and corporate data for malicious activity.		Service delivery	Reputation	Mark Tucker	Treat	3	3	9	•	Within	Work continues around recovery plans. A new plan is in place with a phased delivery over the next two years supported by a new Cybersecurity Strategy.	High	3	3	9
7	Failure in Safeguarding Children	multi- agency partners failing to follow procedures or to undertake a	The council and / or multi- agency partners providing inappropriate intervention or no intervention.	Children not being protected from harm.	Service Delivery	Reputation	Lucy Townsend	Treat	4	2	8	•	Within	6% vacancy rate across the service, 17% vacancy rate for social workers filled with 12% agency staff. Market Supplements agreed to enhance our workforce strategy. Remains 1 of our 6 strategic priorities.	High	2	2	4
8	Impact of negative media/social media coverage on council	reaction to council decision making and	Negative public reaction expressed via social media and through the media	Negative impact on council's reputation.	Reputation	Reputation	Perry Holmes	Tolerate	2	3	6	•	Within	Good controls in place include horizon scanning, working closely with directorate SMTs and trained members of staff ready to respond to incidents.	High	2	3	6

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9	Information Governance	Failure to manage information effectively in keeping with Data Protection Act Principles leading to reportable incidents and potential data breaches	processed fairly 2. Excessive information obtained and held beyond	damage and loss of confidence in the authority.	Legal	Financial	Perry Holmes	Tolerate	3	2	6	•	Within		High	3	2	6
10		Decrease in levels of income due to lower payment rates, take up of services or increase default rates		Increased financial pressure on other service areas in order to deliver a balanced budget across the Council as a whole which results in cuts to those other services spend.	Financial	Reputation	Lizzie Watkin	Treat	2	3	6	•	Within	Additional budget monitoring and training with all heads of service	High	2	2	4
11	[Composite] Corporate Health, Safety & Wellbeing	Inadequate or ineffective control strategy is established	Lack of application by managers and individuals of corporate policy and procedures	Likelihood of personal harm increases.	Health & Safety		Kate Blackburn	Tolerate	2	3	6	•	Within	Ongoing programme of compliance monitoring and additional capacity created by cessation of traded off to non-maintained schools	High	2	2	4

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12		New unfunded project, unforeseen demand or failure to make planned savings	Inability to deliver key statutory services within the service- level budget envelope	Increased financial pressure on other service areas in order to deliver a balanced budget across the authority as a whole which results in cuts to those other services spend.	Financial	Reputation	Lizzie Watkin	Treat	2	3	6	٠	Within	New planned savings delivery work	High	2	2	4
	[Composite] Not on track for the Council to be carbon neutral by 2030	Lack of prioritisation for carbon reduction by other council departments	Financial considerations mean decisions are made not to undertake carbon reduction activity		Service Delivery	Reputation	Parvis Khansari	Tolerate	2	3	6	•	Within	Significant investments in energy efficiency measures and renewable energy across our estate, streetlights and fleet	High	2	2	4
14	resulting in high	increase in number people needing to be discharged from hospital not being discharged	available provision	increase in out of county placements and / or high cost packages, hospital beds being unavailable for others with complex needs.	Service delivery	Financial		Treat	2	2	4	•	Within	Liaison with health partners. Weekly Community Team for People with Learning Disabilities (CTPLD) update call with health and Dynamic Support Register (DSR) meetings. Accommodation needs shared with commissioning to inform strategy. MADE events identifying discharge pathway plans.	High	2	2	4

Emerging Risks Events that have the potential to int	terrupt the work of the Council but of which not enough is yet known to quantify the risk to the delivery of our services.
Continuing financial impact of global events	International capital and energy markets remain impacted by conflict and speculitave investment are likely to sustain additional inflationary pressure in the UK. Disruption to global supply chains causing shortages, more inflation and potentially more demand for support of council services. A more uncertain world could mean a more insular economy and lower UK market sentiment meaning less investment in Wiltshire.
Additional service pressures	As the Council operates in a multi-agency enviroment with complex and intricate dependcies, it could be advserley impacted by the actions of others (including short term workforce pressures, greater service demand or budgetary constraints).

How to read the strategic risk register

There are significant challenges for Wiltshire Council as it looks to empower people, build stronger communities, grow the county's economy and lead the way in tackling climate change. The Strategic Risk Register reflects these challenges.

The Strategic Risk Register draws together information recorded on risk registers of individual services across Wiltshire Council.

Information that has significance across the council as a whole is displayed in two categories on the Strategic Risk Register.

- 1. Critical service risks: significant risks that sit in a single service but which, should they become an issue, will have a significant impact on the council as a whole.
- 2. Composite strategic risks: where similar risks exist in a number of different services which would not have a significant impact on the organisation on their own but put together represent a significant impact. These risks are compiled into a single strategic composite risk and included within the strategic risk register. These risks are scored by reviewing the service component risks.
- 3. National level risks: Wiltshire Council's response to the risks recorded by central government on the National Risk Register (NRR). The updated NRR is due to be published in the near future. When it is, Wiltshire Council will work within the Local Resilience Forum to produce an appropriate response. In the meantime Wiltshire Council's pre-existing response to the previous NRR is shown in the grey rows above.

Each risk is fully defined by the responsible service (who assess the cause, event and effect that make up the identified risk).

Each risk is scored for impact and likelihood to give an overall score. A risk is scored twice; firstly, as inherent (the current level of risk) and then as residual (the risk as it would be once all the planned mitigating actions are in place).

The confidence in the implementation of these mitigating actions is assessed as high, moderate or low. This guides the reader of the register to understand the true current risk.

A whole range of service risks are kept under observation each quarter.